Response to Letter to the Editor

ESRA İŞÇİ BOSTANCI
YASİN DURMUŞ
SİNEM AYŞE DURU ÇÖTELİ
FULYA KAYIKÇIOĞLU
NURETTİN BORAN

Follow this and additional works at: https://journals.tubitak.gov.tr/medical

Part of the Medical Sciences Commons

Recommended Citation
BOSTANCI, ESRA İŞÇİ; DURMUŞ, YASİN; ÇÖTELİ, SİNEM AYŞE DURU; KAYIKÇIOĞLU, FULYA; and BORAN, NURETTİN (2022) "Response to Letter to the Editor," Turkish Journal of Medical Sciences: Vol. 52: No. 3, Article 43. https://doi.org/10.55730/1300-0144.5385
Available at: https://journals.tubitak.gov.tr/medical/vol52/iss3/43

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by TÜBİTAK Academic Journals. It has been accepted for inclusion in Turkish Journal of Medical Sciences by an authorized editor of TÜBİTAK Academic Journals. For more information, please contact academic.publications@tubitak.gov.tr.
Outcomes of the conservative management of the patients with endometrial intraepithelial neoplasia/endometrial cancer: Wait or treat!

Esra İŞÇİ BOSTANCI1,*, Yasin DURMUŞ2, *, A.Sinem DURU ÇÖTELİ3, *, Fulya KAYIKÇIOĞLU3, *, Nurettin BORAN3

1The department of Gynecologic Oncology, Faculty of Medicine, Gazi University, Ankara, Turkey
2The department of Gynecologic Oncology, Mersin City Training and Research Hospital, Mersin, Turkey
3The department of Gynecologic Oncology, Etilk Zübeyde Hanım Women's Health Training and Research Hospital, Ankara, Turkey

Response to letter to the Editor

It is a great honor for us to have this letter to the editor for our manuscript. Therefore, we would like to thank Dr. Iavazzo and Dr. Gkegkes for their comments on our study.

They have mentioned in their letter; Corderio et al. [1] reported that the uterine cavity was evaluated via hysteroscopy (53/54 of patients) and intrauterine synechiae were detected in 10 patients. In our study, the major cavity control procedures were probe curettage and dilatation & curettage, only 6 of all patients were evaluated by hysteroscopy. In this group of patients that were evaluated via hysteroscopy, there was no sign of intrauterine synechiae. Therefore, we were not able to present the rate of intrauterine synechiae formation in our manuscript.

In our series, there were no diabetic patients or history of metformin use so we could not make any comment about metformin combination/DM (diabetes mellitus) correlation with fertility outcome.

According to our data, the mean value of the BMI was 32.85 kg/m² (range 20–48) and 65.8% of the patients (n = 25) have BMI of 30 kg/m² or greater. In this group, there were only two pregnancies and one live birth. When we analyzed the data, a weak significance was found between BMI and lower pregnancy rates (p = 0.046). The Fisher's exact test, where appropriate, was used for comparison, and no significance was found (p = 0.071).

To sum up, we have appreciated this letter and we hope this manuscript would be a reference for the upcoming research about this topic.

Acknowledgments/Disclaimers/Conflict of interest

The authors declare that there is no financial support or relationships that may pose a potential conflict of interest.

References


* Correspondence: dresrai@yahoo.com.tr