

Composition of the essential oils of *Pinus nigra* Arnold from Turkey

Ekrem SEZİK^{1,*}, Osman ÜSTÜN¹, Betül DEMİRCİ²

K. Hüsnü Can BAŞER²

¹*Gazi University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmacognosy,
Hipodrom 06330, Ankara-TURKEY*

e-mail: esezik@gazi.edu.tr

²*Anadolu University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmacognosy,
26470, Eskisehir-TURKEY*

Received 13.03.2009

Essential oil composition of the needles of *Pinus nigra* Arnold collected from different localities in Turkey was investigated by GC and GC/MS. The main components in the oils were α -pinene, β -pinene, β -caryophyllene, and germacrene D.

Key Words: *Pinus nigra*, Pinaceae, essential oil, α -pinene, β -pinene, β -caryophyllene, germacrene D, chemotaxonomy.

Introduction

The genus *Pinus* (Pinaceae) is represented in Turkey by 5 species: *Pinus nigra*, *P. brutia*, *P. sylvestris*, *P. halepensis*, and *P. pinea*. *P. nigra* is distributed in Anatolia, Cyprus, Crimea, West Caucasus, Balkans, the South Carpathians, and Western Syria.¹

P. nigra is a tree, up to 30 m tall. Bark dark gray to blackish. Young shoots glabrous. Leaves 70-180 \times 2 mm, dark green, rigid, often curved. Buds resinous. Cone ovoid, erect or ascending. Scales flattened, apophysis \pm flat. Umbo mucronate. Frequently a dominant tree, or in scrub, from 300-1800 m, in the south not usually below 1000 m.¹

Conifers are a renewable source of essential oils. Components of the essential oils, besides their economic value, seem to play an important role in the plant defense system against fungus and insect attacks.

*Corresponding author

Some studies have been carried out to observe the effect on the seasonal, genotypic, and environmental variability of the chemical contents in *Pinus* species.^{2–28} The effects of geographical variations in the needle oil composition of *P. nigra* have also been reported.^{29–31} Chemical compositions of the essential oils of the needles of *P. nigra* have been published.^{32–35}

In the present study, we report on variations in the yield and compositions of the needle oils of *P. nigra* collected at different periods from various sites in Turkey.

Experimental

Plant Material and Hydrodistillation. Young needles of *P. nigra* Arn. were collected from different regions in different seasons (Table 1). Each sample was hydrodistilled using a Clevenger type apparatus. The oil was collected for 3 h after the first drop of the distillate eluted from a cold finger. The oils were then kept refrigerated until the GC and GC-MS analyses.

Table 1. The collecting sites and dates.

| BURSA | KÜTAHYA | DENİZLİ | ANTALYA | İÇEL | SİNOP | KASTAMONU | SAMSUN |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 20.09.1994 | 21.09.1994 | 08.06.1994 | 09.06.1994 | 16.06.1994 | 04.08.1994 | 08.08.1994 | 25.05.1994 |
| 25.12.1994 | 27.12.1994 | 10.09.1994 | 16.09.1994 | 14.09.1994 | 07.11.1994 | 11.11.1994 | 18.08.1994 |
| 31.03.1995 | 02.04.1995 | 16.12.1994 | 24.12.1994 | 05.12.1994 | 20.02.1995 | 05.02.1995 | 17.11.1994 |
| 27.07.1995 | 28.07.1995 | 01.03.1995 | 09.03.1995 | 15.02.1995 | 25.05.1995 | 29.05.1995 | 17.02.1995 |

GC and GC-MS Analysis. The oils were analyzed by GC and GC-MS using a Hewlett-Packard GCD system. A Thermon 600T column (50 m × 0.25 mm ϕ with 0.25 μ m film thickness) was used, with nitrogen as carrier gas. GC oven temperature was kept at 70 °C for 10 min and programmed to 180 °C at rate of 2 °C/min and then kept constant at 180 °C for 30 min. The split ratio was adjusted at 60:1. The injector and detector temperatures were 250 °C. MS were taken at 70eV. Mass range was from m/z 10 to 400. A library search was carried out using the NBS/NIH/EPA Library and the BASER Library of Essential Oil Constituents. Relative percentage amounts were calculated from the FID results. Oil yields are given on moisture-free basis (Table 2).

Results and discussion

The 42 compounds identified in the oils are listed in Tables 3-10.

The highest oil yields were obtained in the materials collected during summer (June to August) (between 0.38% and 1.03%).

The amounts of α -pinene in the oils were always higher than those of β -pinene. The total contents of α -pinene and β -pinene ranged between 52% and 67% in the samples collected from the south (Antalya, İçel), between 45% and 57% in samples from the west (Bursa, Denizli) and between 30% and 43% in samples from the north (Sinop, Kastamonu, Samsun). The contents of major 4 constituents in the oils are given in Table 11.

Table 2. Oil yields of *P. nigra* samples.

| BURSA | | KÜTAHYA | | DENİZLİ | | ANTALYA | |
|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| Date | % | Date | % | Date | % | Date | % |
| 20.09.1994 | 0.43 | 21.09.1994 | 0.43 | 08.06.1994 | 0.44 | 09.06.1994 | 0.55 |
| 25.12.1994 | 0.49 | 27.12.1994 | 0.55 | 10.09.1994 | 0.33 | 16.09.1994 | 0.49 |
| 31.03.1995 | 0.33 | 02.04.1995 | 0.70 | 16.12.1994 | 0.22 | 24.12.1994 | 0.38 |
| 27.07.1995 | 0.65 | 28.07.1995 | 1.03 | 01.03.1995 | 0.06 | 09.03.1995 | 0.49 |

| İÇEL | | SİNOP | | KASTAMONU | | SAMSUN | |
|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| Date | % | Date | % | Date | % | Date | % |
| 16.06.1994 | 0.65 | 04.08.1994 | 0.51 | 08.08.1994 | 0.67 | 25.05.1994 | 0.28 |
| 14.09.1994 | 0.43 | 07.11.1994 | 0.16 | 11.11.1994 | 0.54 | 18.08.1994 | 0.38 |
| 05.12.1994 | 0.38 | 20.02.1995 | 0.38 | 05.02.1995 | 0.44 | 17.11.1994 | 0.22 |
| 15.02.1995 | 0.54 | 25.05.1995 | 0.65 | 29.05.1995 | 0.54 | 17.02.1995 | 0.16 |

Table 3. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from İçel.

| Collection Dates | 14.9.1994 | 5.12.1994 | 15.2.1995 | 16.6.1994 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.05 |
| α -pinene | 22.20 | 43.05 | 34.18 | 23.36 |
| camphene | 0.41 | 0.66 | 0.87 | 0.34 |
| hexenal | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.12 |
| β -pinene | 24.80 | 23.34 | 22.40 | 34.10 |
| sabinene | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.04 |
| Δ^3 -carene | — | 0.09 | — | — |
| myrcene + α -phellandrene | 1.33 | 0.93 | 1.19 | 1.92 |
| α -terpinene | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| limonene | 4.01 | 1.18 | 1.53 | 7.10 |
| β -phellandrene | 1.13 | 0.85 | 1.21 | 1.05 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.03 | trace | 0.03 | 0.04 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.53 | 0.43 | 0.80 | 0.21 |
| P-cymene | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.04 |
| terpinolene | 0.29 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.27 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| α -copaene | 1.16 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.08 |
| linalool | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.14 |

Table 3. Continued.

| Collection Dates | 14.9.1994 | 5.12.1994 | 15.2.1995 | 16.6.1994 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| linalyl acetate | 0.32 | 0.07 | 0.19 | 0.21 |
| longifolene | 0.39 | 0.07 | 0.49 | 0.54 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.26 | 0.07 |
| β -elemene | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| β -caryophyllene | 9.21 | 6.13 | 5.65 | 6.51 |
| hexadecane | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.08 |
| myrtenal | 0.48 | 0.08 | 0.26 | 0.33 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 0.69 | 0.15 | 0.52 | 0.41 |
| α -humulene | 1.54 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 1.11 |
| α -terpineol | 0.48 | 0.17 | 0.39 | 0.26 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 1.52 | 0.40 | 3.17 | 1.32 |
| germacrene-D | 14.48 | 14.91 | 12.79 | 6.45 |
| α -muurolene | 0.65 | 0.25 | 0.46 | 0.31 |
| δ -cadinene | 2.40 | 1.77 | 0.93 | 1.13 |
| dodecanol | 0.99 | 0.20 | 0.46 | 0.75 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | trace | 0.02 | 0.13 | trace |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.05 | 0.02 | Trace | — |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.08 |
| T-muurolol | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.19 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.03 |
| TOTAL | 92.00 | 98.06 | 90.87 | 89.42 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 4. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Antalya.

| Collection Dates | 9.6.1994 | 16.9.1994 | 24.12.1994 | 9.3.1995 |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.12 |
| α -pinene | 34.38 | 37.03 | 24.40 | 44.16 |
| camphene | 0.72 | 0.88 | 0.43 | 0.94 |
| hexenal | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.04 |
| β -pinene | 17.10 | 17.22 | 21.89 | 14.05 |
| sabinene | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.10 |
| Δ^3 -carene | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| Myrcene + α -phellandrene | 0.95 | 1.07 | 1.58 | 0.95 |
| α -terpinene | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.02 |

Table 4. Continued.

| Collection Dates | 9.6.1994 | 16.9.1994 | 24.12.1994 | 9.3.1995 |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| limonene | 1.01 | 1.40 | 0.84 | 1.26 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.97 | 0.74 | 0.82 | 0.66 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.65 | 0.67 | 0.64 | 0.34 |
| P-cymene | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| terpinolene | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.17 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| α -copaene | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.14 |
| linalool | 0.43 | 0.57 | 0.03 | 0.06 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.16 |
| longifolene | 1.85 | 2.72 | 0.05 | 0.24 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.58 | 0.83 | 0.30 | 0.25 |
| β -elemene | trace | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| β -caryophyllene | 7.84 | 6.40 | 8.42 | 7.36 |
| hexadecane | 0.06 | 0.11 | Trace | trace |
| myrtenal | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.31 | 0.17 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 0.20 | 0.65 | 0.74 | 0.36 |
| α -humulene | 1.30 | 1.11 | 1.43 | 1.15 |
| α -terpineol | 0.31 | 0.40 | 0.52 | 0.76 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 2.13 | 2.75 | 0.51 | 1.14 |
| germacrene-D | 13.67 | 7.97 | 18.03 | 10.37 |
| α -muurolene | 0.61 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.47 |
| δ -cadinene | 3.70 | 1.93 | 2.04 | 2.05 |
| dodecanol | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.59 | 0.95 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.07 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 0.05 |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.17 |
| T-muurolol | 0.32 | 0.26 | 0.08 | 0.29 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| TOTAL | 92.49 | 88.68 | 86.96 | 90.38 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 5. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Denizli.

| Collection Dates | 8.6.1994 | 10.9.1994 | 16.12.1994 | 1.3.1995 |
|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.08 | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.03 |
| α -pinene | 32.12 | 49.63 | 38.83 | 4.51 |
| camphene | 0.56 | 0.93 | 0.90 | 0.25 |
| hexenal | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.06 | trace |
| β -pinene | 13.07 | 2.12 | 10.06 | 1.42 |
| sabinene | 0.17 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.05 |
| Δ^3 -carene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | — |
| myrcene+ α -phellandrene | 0.73 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.12 |
| α -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.06 |
| limonene | 0.92 | 1.19 | 1.01 | 0.35 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.61 | 0.38 | 0.57 | 0.26 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.08 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | — |
| γ -terpinene | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.05 | — |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.36 | 0.61 | 0.42 | 0.08 |
| P-cymene | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| terpinolene | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 0.12 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.20 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.52 |
| α -copaene | 0.39 | 0.30 | 0.29 | 0.89 |
| linalool | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.04 | trace |
| linalyl acetate | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.24 | 0.10 |
| longifolene | 0.68 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.28 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.19 | 0.24 | 0.25 | trace |
| β -elemene | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.16 |
| β -caryophyllene | 7.42 | 5.87 | 9.44 | 21.48 |
| hexadecane | 0.13 | trace | 0.13 | 0.19 |
| myrtenal | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.14 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.49 | 0.28 |
| α -humulene | 1.35 | 1.08 | 1.71 | 3.64 |
| α -terpineole | 3.35 | 2.69 | 0.55 | 0.54 |
| germacrene isomer | 3.35 | 2.69 | 2.33 | 8.18 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 1.66 | 0.76 | 0.38 | 2.56 |
| germacrene- D | 11.69 | 18.43 | 14.01 | 11.23 |
| α -muurolene | 1.00 | 0.80 | 1.01 | 1.97 |
| δ -cadinene | 7.15 | 4.65 | 4.28 | 16.81 |
| dodecanol | 0.77 | 0.40 | 0.97 | 2.47 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.27 |
| Methyl eugenol | 2.01 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.71 |
| trans-methylisoeugenol | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.67 |
| T-muurolol | 0.45 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 1.22 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.24 |
| TOTAL | 92.57 | 95.65 | 90.57 | 81.97 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 6. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Kütahya.

| Collection Dates | 21.9.1994 | 27.12.1994 | 2.4.1995 | 28.7.1995 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.10 |
| α -pinene | 24.69 | 31.93 | 45.09 | 44.39 |
| camphene | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.77 | 0.73 |
| hexenal | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| β -pinene | 17.63 | 14.34 | 10.22 | 14.48 |
| sabinene | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.11 |
| Δ^3 -carene | — | 0.01 | — | — |
| myrcene + α -phellandrene | 0.76 | 0.93 | 1.24 | 1.24 |
| α -terpinene | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| limonene | 0.59 | 0.74 | 1.19 | 1.11 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.64 | 0.58 | 0.94 | 0.95 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.70 | 1.31 |
| p-cymene | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.03 |
| terpinolene | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.40 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.08 |
| α -copaene | 0.44 | 0.46 | 0.24 | 0.18 |
| linalool | 0.31 | 0.21 | 0.02 | 0.09 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.23 | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.03 |
| longifolene | 1.32 | 0.91 | 0.05 | 0.41 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.31 | 0.29 |
| β -elemene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| β -caryophyllene | 5.26 | 6.12 | 10.19 | 7.90 |
| hexadecane | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| myrtenal | 0.45 | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.04 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 0.52 | 0.38 | 0.40 | 0.08 |
| α -humulene | 1.35 | 1.41 | 1.81 | 1.35 |
| α -terpineole | 0.58 | 0.44 | 0.26 | 0.23 |
| germacrene isomer | 3.96 | 3.97 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 3.82 | 2.76 | 0.44 | 2.48 |
| germacrene- D | 15.43 | 12.24 | 12.97 | 11.27 |
| α -muurolene | 0.96 | 1.02 | 0.68 | 0.40 |
| δ -cadinene | 7.82 | 7.69 | 3.48 | 2.48 |
| Dodecanol | 0.58 | 0.60 | 0.39 | 0.31 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | trace | trace | Trace | 0.02 |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.21 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| T-muurolol | 0.43 | 0.45 | 0.22 | 0.19 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.09 |
| TOTAL | 89.78 | 90.19 | 94.83 | 94.60 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 7. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Bursa.

| Collection Dates | 20.9.1994 | 25.12.1994 | 31.3.1995 | 27.7.1995 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.17 |
| α -pinene | 40.87 | 39.21 | 38.13 | 35.94 |
| camphene | 0.90 | 0.86 | 0.76 | 0.84 |
| hexenal | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| β -pinene | 3.11 | 5.85 | 12.16 | 19.52 |
| sabinene | 0.11 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.04 |
| Δ^3 -carene | — | — | 0.01 | 0.04 |
| myrcene + α -phellandrene | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 1.03 |
| α -terpinene | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.09 |
| limonene | 0.80 | 0.83 | 0.73 | 1.02 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.52 | 0.58 | 0.60 | 0.81 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | — |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.11 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.42 | 0.37 | 0.63 | 1.56 |
| P-cymene | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| terpinolene | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.22 | 0.70 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.13 |
| α -copaene | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.26 |
| linalool | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| longifolene | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.09 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.22 | 0.27 | 0.45 | 0.52 |
| β -elemene | — | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| β -caryophyllene | 8.36 | 8.76 | 7.80 | 6.34 |
| hexadecane | 0.33 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.12 |
| myrtenal | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.09 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 0.29 | 0.44 | 0.24 | 0.16 |
| α -humulene | 1.46 | 1.59 | 1.39 | 1.08 |
| α -terpineol | 0.73 | 0.94 | 0.36 | 0.24 |
| germacrene isomer | 2.33 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.16 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 1.50 | 1.41 | 1.25 | 1.06 |
| germacrene- D | 21.38 | 18.41 | 15.80 | 13.07 |
| α -muurolene | 0.71 | 0.93 | 0.83 | 0.67 |
| δ -cadinene | 3.93 | 4.28 | 4.81 | 4.36 |
| dodecanol | 0.67 | 0.72 | 0.51 | 0.32 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | trace | trace | Trace | trace |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.05 | trace | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.12 |
| T-muurolol | 0.39 | 0.42 | 0.39 | 0.27 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.08 |
| TOTAL | 91.42 | 90.86 | 90.68 | 93.31 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 8. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Kastamonu.

| Collection Dates | 5.2.1995 | 8.8.1994 | 11.11.1994 | 29.5.1995 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.08 |
| α -pinene | 29.31 | 33.12 | 30.31 | 35.53 |
| camphene | 1.08 | 0.91 | 0.82 | 0.62 |
| hexenal | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.10 |
| β -pinene | 14.29 | 6.45 | 18.17 | 18.04 |
| sabinene | 0.47 | 0.23 | 0.19 | 0.12 |
| Δ^3 -carene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| myrcene+ α -phellandrene | 0.47 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 0.88 |
| α -terpinene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| limonene | 0.60 | 0.68 | 0.82 | 0.84 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.43 | 0.46 | 0.58 | 0.76 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.34 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 0.85 |
| P-cymene | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| terpinolene | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.14 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
| α -copaene | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.16 |
| linalool | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.57 | 0.36 | 0.35 | 0.14 |
| longifolene | 0.27 | 0.13 | 0.42 | 0.22 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.68 | 0.48 | 0.68 | — |
| β -elemene | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | — |
| β -caryophyllene | 6.73 | 7.53 | 7.11 | 7.65 |
| hexadecane | 0.01 | trace | trace | 0.03 |
| myrtenal | 0.86 | 0.55 | 0.48 | 0.20 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 1.44 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.29 |
| α -humulene | 0.41 | 1.51 | 1.54 | 1.28 |
| α -terpineol | 1.07 | 1.25 | 1.02 | 0.38 |
| germacrene isomer | 0.98 | 2.73 | 1.21 | 1.36 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 0.98 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 0.75 |
| germacrene- D | 13.41 | 16.74 | 18.29 | 10.62 |
| α -muurolene | 1.72 | 1.11 | 1.13 | 0.71 |
| δ -cadinene | 2.82 | 5.87 | 2.33 | 3.14 |
| dodecanol | 0.39 | 1.09 | 0.95 | 0.71 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.12 |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.30 | 0.21 | 0.33 | 0.57 |
| trans-methylisoeugenol | 0.30 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.40 |
| T-muurolol | 0.45 | 0.59 | 0.49 | 0.35 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.09 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.17 |
| TOTAL | 81.77 | 86.52 | 91.07 | 87.51 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 9. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Sinop.

| Collection Dates | 4.8.1994 | 7.11.1994 | 20.2.1995 | 25.5.1995 |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.05 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| α -pinene | 24.15 | 40.89 | 36.73 | 43.01 |
| camphene | 0.67 | 1.40 | 0.92 | 0.64 |
| hexenal | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 |
| β -pinene | 11.79 | 11.02 | 15.26 | 20.19 |
| sabinene | 0.30 | 1.03 | 0.55 | 0.08 |
| Δ^3 -carene | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | — |
| myrcene + α -phellandrene | 0.43 | 0.47 | 0.77 | 1.04 |
| α -terpinene | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| limonene | 0.65 | 0.91 | 0.65 | 0.91 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.49 | 0.35 | 0.12 | 0.94 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.01 | — | — | 0.02 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.51 | 0.25 | 0.68 | 1.09 |
| P-cymene | 0.10 | 0.28 | 0.18 | 0.03 |
| terpinolene | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.11 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.07 |
| α -copaene | 0.23 | 0.45 | trace | 0.19 |
| linalool | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.81 | 0.93 | 0.63 | 0.07 |
| longifolene | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.14 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.32 | 0.58 | 0.42 | 0.13 |
| β -elemene | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| β -caryophyllene | 8.09 | 4.33 | 6.74 | 8.27 |
| hexadecane | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| myrtenal | 1.29 | 1.33 | 0.86 | 0.10 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 1.39 | 2.29 | 1.35 | 0.17 |
| α -humulene | 1.46 | 1.31 | 1.45 | 1.25 |
| α -terpineol | 3.20 | 5.09 | 3.37 | 0.24 |
| germacrene isomer | 1.58 | 0.48 | 0.94 | 1.37 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 0.40 | 4.43 | 0.77 | 0.22 |
| germacrene- D | 8.22 | 1.81 | 6.47 | 10.89 |
| α -muurolene | 0.95 | 2.43 | 1.83 | 0.18 |
| δ -cadinene | 2.67 | 0.78 | 1.54 | 2.39 |
| dodecanol | 5.38 | 1.93 | 1.46 | 0.41 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.27 | 0.41 | 0.43 | 0.29 |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.37 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.09 |
| T-muurolol | 0.71 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.16 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.40 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| TOTAL | 77.79 | 86.60 | 85.41 | 95.08 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 10. Results of analysis of *P. nigra* needle oils from Samsun.

| Collection Dates | 25.5.1994 | 18.8.1994 | 17.11.1994 | 17.2.1995 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Compounds | % | % | % | % |
| tricyclene | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.19 |
| α -pinene | 24.49 | 33.74 | 30.44 | 30.58 |
| camphene | 1.08 | 1.17 | 1.42 | 0.88 |
| hexenal | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.17 |
| β -pinene | 5.01 | 1.15 | 9.44 | 14.49 |
| sabinene | 0.54 | 0.19 | 0.66 | 0.22 |
| Δ^3 -carene | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| myrcene + α -phellandrene | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.46 | 0.67 |
| α -terpinene | 0.02 | trace | 0.02 | 0.04 |
| limonene | 0.57 | 0.45 | 0.68 | 0.67 |
| β -phellandrene | 0.25 | 0.15 | 0.41 | 0.52 |
| 2-pentylfuran | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| (Z)- β -ocimene | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| γ -terpinene | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.07 |
| (E)- β -ocimene | 0.38 | 0.88 | 0.51 | 0.75 |
| P-cymene | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.11 |
| terpinolene | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.38 |
| campholene aldehyde | 0.14 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.12 |
| α -copaene | 0.23 | 0.46 | 0.20 | 0.28 |
| linalool | 0.09 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.19 |
| linalyl acetate | 0.80 | 0.13 | 0.63 | 0.45 |
| longifolene | 0.16 | 0.88 | 0.23 | 0.43 |
| bornyl acetate | 0.70 | 0.69 | 1.05 | 0.22 |
| β -elemene | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 |
| β -caryophyllene | 6.90 | 13.31 | 6.29 | 8.05 |
| hexadecane | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.20 | 0.15 |
| myrtenal | 1.26 | 0.19 | 0.81 | 0.84 |
| trans-pinocarveol | 1.45 | 0.34 | 1.72 | 0.89 |
| α -humulene | 1.32 | 2.25 | 1.73 | 1.56 |
| α -terpineol | 2.10 | 3.49 | 1.92 | 1.91 |
| germacrene isomer | 1.36 | 0.62 | 1.92 | 0.84 |
| α -terpinyl acetate | 1.04 | 1.02 | 1.02 | 1.07 |
| germacrene- D | 9.67 | 13.37 | 9.87 | 9.22 |
| α -muurolene | 1.23 | 1.15 | 2.01 | 1.09 |
| δ -cadinene | 3.60 | 6.25 | 3.31 | 3.81 |
| dodecanol | 3.52 | 3.16 | 2.11 | 1.12 |
| Caryophyllene oxide | 0.41 | 0.03 | 0.40 | 0.16 |
| Methyl eugenol | 0.27 | 0.06 | 0.32 | 0.57 |
| trans-methyl isoeugenol | 0.52 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 0.96 |
| T-muurolol | 0.66 | 0.13 | 0.46 | 0.43 |
| farnesyl acetate | 0.45 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.15 |
| TOTAL | 71.50 | 87.10 | 81.74 | 84.39 |

Trace: <0.01%

Table 11. The contents of major 4 constituents in the pine oils.

| <i>Pinus nigra</i> | α -pinene | β -pinene | germacrene-D | β -caryophyllene |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Antalya | 24.40-44.16 | 14.05-21.89 | 7.97-18.03 | 6.40-8.42 |
| Denizli | 4.51-49.63 | 1.42-13.07 | 11.23-18.43 | 5.87-21.48 |
| Kastamonu | 21.31-35.53 | 6.45-18.17 | 10.62-18.29 | 6.73-7.65 |
| İçel | 22.20-43.05 | 22.40-34.10 | 6.45-14.91 | 5.65-9.21 |
| Samsun | 24.49-33.74 | 1.15-14.49 | 9.22-13.37 | 6.29-13.31 |
| Bursa | 35.94-40.87 | 3.11-19.52 | 13.07-21.38 | 6.34-8.76 |
| Kütahya | 24.69-45.09 | 10.22-17.63 | 11.27-15.43 | 5.26-10.19 |
| Sinop | 24.15-43.01 | 11.02-20.19 | 1.81-10.89 | 4.33-8.27 |

Several chemotaxonomic studies on the essential oil composition of *P. nigra* have been published.^{32,36,37} According to Roussis,³⁸ *P. nigra* growing in Greece belongs to the chemotype C and the essential oil content of the needles was found in the following order: α -pinene > germacrene D > limonene > β -pinene

Kubeczka et al. reported α -pinene, germacrene D, β -pinene, and limonene as major constituents in the oils of German materials.³⁹

Our results suggested the following order for the Turkish *P. nigra* oils:

α -pinene > β -pinene > germacrene D > β -caryophyllene

The Turkish pine needle oils may be characterized by high amounts of β -caryophyllene, germacrene D, Δ^3 cadinene, and α -terpinyl acetate. Although Turkish oils contained low contents of Δ^3 carene, some of the oils were found to contain about 1% humulene, α -terpinolene, and α -muurolene, depending upon their site of collection.

References

- Davis, P. H.; Cullen, J. *Flora of Turkey and the East Aegean Islands*, Davis, P. H., Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh, 1984.
- Bader, A.; Flamini, G.; Cioni, P. L.; Morelli, I. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2000**, *12*, 672-674.
- Velasquez, J.; Toro, M. E.; Encinas, O.; Rojas, L.; Usubillaga, A. *Flav. Fragr. J.* **2000**, *15*, 432-433.
- Barnola, L. F.; Cedeno, A. *Biochem. Syst. Ecol.* **2000**, *28*, 923-931.
- Gomes da Silva, M. D. R.; Mateus, E. P.; Munha, J.; Drazyk, A.; Farrall, M. H.; Paiva, M. R.; Chaves das Neves, H. J.; Mosandl, A. *Chromatographia supplement*, **2001**, *53*, 412-416.
- Koukos P. K.; Papadopoulou, K. I.; Patiaka, D. T.; Papagiannopoulos, A. D. *J. Agric. Food Chem.* **2000**, *48*, 1266-1268.
- Venskutonis, P. R.; Vyskupaityte, K. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2000**, *12*, 559-565.
- Petrakis, P. V.; Tsitsimpikou, C.; Tzakou, O.; Couladis, M.; Vagias, C.; Roussis, V. *Flavour Fragr. J.* **2000**, *16*, 249-252.
- Nikolic, B.; Ristic, M.; Bojovic, S.; Marin, P. D. *Chemistry and Biodiversity*, **2007**, *4*, 905-916.

10. Chalchat, J. C.; Gorunovic, M. S. *Pharmazie*, **1995**, *50*, 640-641.
11. Chalchat, J. C.; Garry, R. P.; Gorunovic, M. S. *Pharmazie*, **1994**, *49*, 852-854.
12. Henning, P.; Steinborn, A.; Engewald, W. *Chromatographia*, **1994**, *38*, 689-693.
13. Tazerouti, F.; Badiah-Hadj-Ahmed, A. Y.; Meklati, B. Y.; Favre-Bonvin, J.; Bobenrieth, M. J. *Plantes Medicinales et Phytotherapie*, **1993**, *26*, 161-176.
14. Orav, A.; Kailas, T.; Liiv, M. *Chromatographia*, **1996**, *43*, 215-219.
15. Simic, N.; Palic, R.; Andelkovic, S.; Vais, V.; Milosavljevic, S. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **1996**, *8*, 1-5.
16. Papadopoulou, K.; Koukos, P. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **1996**, *8*, 499-502.
17. Shatar, S.; Adams, R. P. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **1996**, *8*, 549-552.
18. Yatagai, M.; Hong, Y. *Scientia Pharmaceutica*, **1997**, *65*, 289-297.
19. Kartnig, T.; Fischer, U.; Bucar, F. *Deutsche Apotheker Zeitung*, **1998**, *138*, 47-54.
20. Pfeifhofer, H. W. *Flav. Fragr. J.* **2000**, *15*, 266-270.
21. Tsitsimpikou, C.; Petrakis, P. V.; Ortiz, A.; Harvala, C.; Roussis, V. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2001**, *13*, 174-178.
22. Afsharypuor, S.; San, A. F. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2005**, *17*, 327-328.
23. Dob, T.; Berramdane, T.; Chelgoum, C. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2006**, *18*, 32-34.
24. Isidorov, V. A.; Vinogorova, V. T.; Rafalowski, K. *Atmospheric Environment*, **2003**, *37*, 4645-4650.
25. Dob, T.; Berramdane, T.; Dahmane, D.; Chelgoum, C. *Chem. Nat. Comp.*, **2005**, *41*, 165-167.
26. Dob, T.; Berramdane, T.; Chelgoum, C. *Chem. Nat. Comp.*, **2005**, *41*, 545-548.
27. Llusia, J.; Uelas, J. P.; Alessio, G. A.; Estiarte, M. *Physiologia Plantarum*, **2006**, *127*, 632-649.
28. Ghosn, M. W.; Saliba, N. A.; Talhouk, S. Y. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **2006**, *18*, 445-447.
29. Koukos, P. K.; Papadopoulou, K. I.; Papagiannopoulos, A. D. *Holz. Als Roh- und Werkstoff*. **2001**, *58*, 437-438.
30. Rezzi, S.; Bighelli A.; Mouillot, D.; Casanova, J. *Flavour Fragr. J.* **2001**, *16*, 379-383.
31. Vidrich, V.; Fusi, P.; Michelozzi, M.; Franci, M. *J. Essent. Oil Res.* **1996**, *8*, 377-381.
32. Macchioni, F.; Cioni, P. L.; Flamini, G.; Morelli, I.; Maccioni, S.; Ansaldi, M. *Flavour Fragr. J.* **2003**, *18*, 139-143.
33. Ochocka, R.; Asztemborska, M.; Sybilska, D.; Langa, W. *Pharmaceutical Biology*, **2002**, *40*, 395-399.
34. Mumm, R.; Tiemann, T.; Schulz, S.; Hilker, M. *Phytochemistry*, **2004**, *65*, 3221-3230.
35. Duquesnoy, E.; Marongiu, B.; Castola, V.; Piras, A.; Porcedda, S.; Casanova, J. *Nat. Prod. Res.*, **2007**, *21*, 834-837.
36. Chalchat, J. C.; Gorunovic, M. S. *Pharmazie*, **1995**, *50*, 281-283.
37. Chalchat, J. C.; Gorunovic, M. S. *Pharmazie*, **1995**, *50*, 575-576.
38. Roussis, V.; Petrakis, P. V.; Ortiz, A.; Mazomenos, B. E. *Phytochemistry*, **1995**, *39*, 357-361.
39. Kubeczka, K. H.; Schultze, W. *Flavour Fragr. J.* **1987**, *2*, 137-148.